## Art and Design Progression of Knowledge and Skills

## The national curriculum for art and design aims to ensure that all pupils

- produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences
- become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques
- evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
- know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

| Year Group | Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| Units |  |  | Animals <br> Settings and landscapes Natural Sculptures | Landmarks Rockets sculpture Rainforests | Investigating patterns Stone Age to Iron Age Plants and animals | Wrekin <br> Sculptures- The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe Rainforest | Vikings <br> 3d Sculpture - Canopic jars Local Study- River Severn | Local study- Ironbridge Geometry Mountains |
| NC <br> Attainment targets Subject content | Birth to 5 Matters <br> Development Matters <br> ELG: Creating with Materials <br> ELG: Fine Motor Skills |  | Pupils should be taught: <br> - to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products <br> - to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination <br> - to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space <br> - about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. |  | Pupils should be taught: Pupils should be taught to creativity, experimentati Pupils should be taught: <br> - to create sketch <br> - to improve their range of material <br> - about great artis | elop their techniques, includ an increasing awareness of <br> s to record their observatio ery of art and design techni $r$ example, pencil, charcoal, chitects and designers in $h$ | their control and their different kinds of art, cr and use them to review s, including drawing, pain int, clay] ory. | e materials, with $t$ and design. <br> d revisit ideas ing and sculpture with a |
| Ideas | To explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. <br> To develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. <br> To express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a meaning to the marks they make. <br> To use their imagination as they consider what they can do with different materials. To make simple models which express their ideas. | To explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. <br> To return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. <br> To create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills. <br> To share their creations, explaining the process they have used. | To respond to ideas and starting points. <br> To explore ideas and collect visual information | To explore different methods and materials and use these ideas to develop their own artwork | To develop ideas from given starting points <br> To collect information, sketches and resources | To explore ideas in a variety of ways and record in sketchbooks <br> To adapt and refine ideas as they progress <br> To comment on artist works | To develop and imaginatively extend ideas from different starting points <br> To collect information, sketches and resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketchbook | To develop and imaginatively extend ideas from different starting points <br> To collect information, sketches and resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketchbook using different media <br> To comment on artworks using effective language |


| Painting | $\frac{n}{\overline{\bar{r}}}$ | To explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as brushes and other tools. <br> To show different emotions in their paintings like happiness, sadness, fear etc. <br> To explore colour and colour-mixing. | To use a range of small tools, including paint brushes. <br> To develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and paintbrushes. <br> To begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. | To use thick and thin brushes. <br> To mix primary colours to make secondary. | To mix primary colours to make secondary. <br> To add white to colours to make tints and black to colours to make tones. | To use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines. <br> To mix colour, shades and tones with increasing confidence <br> To begin to explore complimentary colours. | To use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail. <br> To experiment with creating mood with colour. <br> To show understanding of complimentary colours. | To sketch (lightly) before painting to combine line and colour. <br> To create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built world. <br> To confidently control the types of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures. <br> To mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects. | To combine colours, tones and tints to enhance the mood of a piece. <br> To use brush techniques and the qualities of paint to create texture. <br> To develop a personal style of painting, drawing upon ideas from other artists. |
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{o}{0} \\ & \frac{v}{3} \\ & \frac{v}{3} \\ & \frac{0}{x} \end{aligned}$ | To know paints can be mixed together to make different colours | To know larger tools create thicker lines <br> To know the primary colours | To name the primary and secondary colours <br> To know primary colours can be mixed to make secondary colours $(B+Y=G)(R+Y=O)(B+R=P)$ | To know how to create tints and tones by adding white or black paint <br> To know how to use colour for effect e.g warm and hot colours | To know shade is created by light being blocked <br> To know how to use a range of brushes to create different effects in painting | To know how to create a background using a wash <br> To know which colours, complement each other | To know how to mix colour, shades and tones with confidence building on previous knowledge. <br> To know the effect of light/reflection can be created through omitting colour and/or using light colours. | To know adding layers of paint can add detail. |
| Collaging | $\frac{n}{\overline{\bar{r}}}$ |  | To use a range of small tools, including scissors. <br> To develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and scissors. <br> To begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. <br> To safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. | To collage they use a combination of materials that are cut, torn and glued. | To collage they use a combination of materials that are cut, torn and glued and mix materials to create texture. |  | To select and arrange materials for a striking effect ensuring work is precise <br> To use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage |  |  |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{3} \\ & 0 \\ & \underline{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | To know how to use a range of tools safely and confidently <br> To know some materials can be torn and some can not | To know collage is using different materials to build up and create a piece of art <br> To know different surfaces can produce different textures | To know how to cut, roll and coil materials |  | To identify similarities and differences between different materials and shapes used in collage <br> To identify different uses of collage (mosaic, montage and decoupage) |  |  |
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| Sculpture | $\frac{n}{\overline{=}}$ |  | To safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. | To use a combination of shapes and include lines and texture. <br> To use rolled up paper, straws, paper, card and clay as materials for sculpture. | To use techniques such as rolling, cutting, moulding and carving when working with materials |  | To include texture that conveys feelings, expression or movement <br> To use clay and other mouldable materials | To use frameworks (such as wire or moulds) to provide stability and form. | To use tools to carve and add shapes, texture and pattern |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{o} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \\ & 0 \\ & \underline{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | To know art has different forms and materials <br> To know materials can change shape | To know that sculptures are 3D forms of art | To know how to join pieces of clay together and add detail <br> To know art can take many forms including architecture |  | To know depth and texture can be created by layering materials <br> To know a range of mouldable materials | To know different materials are moulded in different ways | To know the key terms slab, coil and slip |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Line } \\ \text { Techniques } \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{n}{\overline{\bar{r}}}$ | To start to make marks intentionally. <br> To show different emotions in their drawings like happiness, sadness, fear etc. <br> To draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. <br> To use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. <br> To create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. | To begin to show accuracy and care when drawing <br> To develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing. | To draw lines of different sizes and thickness <br> To colour (own work) neatly following the lines | To show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines | To use different hardnesses of pencils to show line, tone and texture. <br> To annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas. <br> To sketch lightly (no need to use a rubber to correct mistakes) | To use shading to show light and shadow To use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture | To use a variety of techniques to add interesting effects (e.g. reflections, shadows, direction of sunlight). <br> To choose a style of drawing suitable for the work (e.g. realistic or impressionistic). | To use a choice of techniques to depict movement, perspective, shadows and reflection <br> To use lines to represent movement |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{v}{3} \\ & \frac{v}{3} \\ & \underline{0} \end{aligned}$ | To know marks are created by pushing down | To look at detail to make drawings more accurate | To know how to use pencils to create lines of different thickness in drawings | To know how to use coloured pencils correctly to create art | To know pencils have different grades and know they create different effects <br> To begin to show an awareness of scale and ratio | To know how to use marks and lines to show texture | To compare and contrast the depiction of perspective in different artwork <br> To know how to organise line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement | To know how to use shading to create mood and feeling |
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|  | $\frac{\varrho}{\overline{\bar{r}}}$ |  |  | To use repeating or overlapping shapes <br> To use objects to create prints (e.g. fruit, vegetables or sponges) | To mimic print from the environment (e.g. wallpapers) <br> To press, roll, rub and stamp to make prints | To use layers of two or more colours when printing <br> To replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments <br> To make precise repeating patterns |  |  | To build up layers of colours when printing <br> To create an accurate pattern, showing fine detail |
| Printing | $\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{D} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{\tilde{x}}{3} \\ & 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | To know printing can use an indent to create a pattern <br> To know a print gives a reverse image <br> To know repetition is created by using the same print multiple times | To know how to create a printed piece of art by pressing, rolling, rubbing and stamping | To know printing tools can be created in a variety of ways <br> To know choice of printing material can impact pattern and texture |  |  | To know printing can take the form of a repeated pattern or sequence <br> To know how to create an accurate print design <br> To know how to print onto different materials using at least four colours <br> To recognise the importance of pattern in reflecting the environment in which it is created |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Textile } \\ \text { Techniques } \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{n}{\overline{\overline{5}}}$ | To join different materials and explore different textures. <br> To explore different materials, using all their senses to investigate them. Manipulate and play with different materials. | To use a range of small tools, including scissors. <br> To develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: scissors. <br> To safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, <br> experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. |  | To use weaving to create a pattern <br> To join materials using glue and/or a stitch | To shape and stitch materials <br> To create weavings <br> To use basic cross stitch and back stitch. |  |  |  |
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|  |  | To know that textiles change in appearance and touch | To know how to use a range of tools safely and confidently To know that different materials create different textures |  | To know different materials are used for different purposes. | To know the best material and technique to use in different circumstances <br> To know materials have varying textures and thickness <br> To recognise the relationship between different materials and techniques and understand which will complement each other |  |  |  |
| Digital <br> Media | $\frac{n}{\overline{\overline{5}}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | To begin to enhance digital media by editing | To enhance digital media by editing in a range of ways <br> To combine a selection of images using digital technology considering light, shade, textural qualities, colour, size and rotation |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\text { oे }}{\stackrel{0}{0}} \\ & \frac{\stackrel{\omega}{3}}{\text { b }} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | To know how to use a graphics package to create and manipulate their images | To know how to import an image (scanned, retrieved, taken) into a graphics package |


| Knowledge of Artists | $\frac{\varrho}{\overline{\bar{r}}}$ |  |  | To describe the work of notable artists | To describe the work of notable artists and designers <br> To use some of the ideas of artists studied to create pieces. | To replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and designers. | To create original pieces that are influenced by studies of others. | To give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers. <br> To show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists. | To give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers <br> To show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists <br> To create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles. |
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\sim}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{3} \\ & \frac{\omega}{3} \\ & \frac{0}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | To know inspiration for art can be taken from all around us. <br> To know basic facts about notable artists e.g William Morris, Andy Goldsworthy | To know textiles are used to create art around the world. <br> To know some facts about notable artists e.g Anthony Smith, Henri Rousseau | To compare the work of different artists identify their techniques and style. <br> To know facts about notable artists e.g William Morris, Hamish Mackie | To know about notable artists e.g Van Gough, John Dyer | To know about a range of notable artists e.g Claude Monet and JD Duran <br> To know impressionism is a 19th century art movement | To understand that art can be very abstract and convey a message |
| Art |  | Paul Horton (Modern) <br> Andy Warhol <br> (Modern) <br> Claude Monet <br> (Traditional) | Paul Horton (Modern) Andy Warhol (Modern) Claude Monet (Traditional) | William Morris <br> (Traditional) <br> Claude Mone $\dagger$ <br> (Traditional) <br> Andy Goldsworthy <br> (Contemporary) | Albrecht Durer \& Gaugin <br> (Traditional) <br> Anthony Smith <br> (Contemporary) <br> Henri Rousseau <br> (Modern) | William Morris <br> (Traditional) <br> Ancient <br> (Cave Drawings) <br> Henri Rousseau <br> (Modern) \& Hamish <br> Mackie (Traditional) | Van Gough <br> (Modern) <br> Suzi Fadel Nassif <br> (Contemporary) <br> John Dyer <br> (Contemporary) | Claude Monet <br> (Traditional) <br> Thutmose <br> (Ancient) <br> JD Duran <br> (Traditional) | L. S. Lowry <br> (Traditional) <br> Wassily Kandinsky <br> (Modern) <br> Andy Warhol <br> (Modern) |

